

## SEARCHING

**Type your keywords here.** Try to include only one word or two word phrases on each line.

**Select a Field (optional)** dropdown menu options: TX All Text, AU Author, TI Title, SU Subject Terms, AB Abstract or Author-Supplied Abstract, KW Author-Supplied Keywords, GE Geographic Terms, PE People, IB ISBN, AN Accession Number.

**You can narrow your search by choosing to search by author, subject terms, or other options.**

**If you do not pick an option, you are performing a general keyword search (looking for the terms in any part of the article record).**

**Click "Full Text" to find only articles that appear in their entirety in this database.**

**Click "Scholarly (Peer Reviewed) Journals" to find only articles from scholarly (research) journals.**

Search modes: Boolean/Phrase (selected), Find all my search terms, Find any of my search terms, SmartText Searching.

Limit your results: Full Text (checked), Scholarly (Peer Reviewed) Journals (checked).

Buttons: Search, Create Alert, Clear.

## RESULTS LIST

**Results appear in Date Newest order (most recent first).**

**Narrow results further by selecting a specific date range and/or relevant subject headings.**

**If headings aren't visible, click the arrow right of "Subject."**

**Click on the title to get to the article.**

Refine Results: Limit To (Full Text, PDF Full Text, Scholarly (Peer Reviewed) Journals), Publication Date (2013), Subject Types, Subject Thesaurus Term (drug abuse -- treatment (28), drug abuse (27), prisoners (24), substance abuse (21), prisons (20), substance abuse -- treatment (18)), Subject (heroin (6)).

Search Results: 1. Disparities in Criminal Court Referrals to Drug Treatment and Prison for Minority Men. 2. A Randomized Clinical Trial of Methadone Maintenance for Prisoners: Prediction of Treatment Entry and Completion in Prison. 3. Effects of Drug Treatment Units in Swedish Prisons.

Sort: Date Newest (selected), Date Oldest, Source, Author, Relevance.

The screenshot shows a database record for the article "Disparities in Criminal Court Referrals to Drug Treatment and Prison for Minority Men". The record includes author information (Nicols, Nancy, MacDonald, John M., Arkes, Jeremy), source information (American Journal of Public Health, Jun 2013, Vol. 103, Issue 6, pp77-e84, 8p, 3 Charts), document type (Article), and subject terms. The subject terms include: \*SUBSTANCE abuse -- Treatment, \*CRIME, \*HISTORY, \*CRIMINAL law, \*BLACKS, \*EPIDEMIOLOGY, \*HISPANIC Americans, \*MEN, \*MINORITIES, \*WHITES, \*DRUG abusers, LAW & legislation, COMPARATIVE studies, CONFIDENCE intervals, HEALTH services accessibility, RESEARCH -- Finance, LOGISTIC regression analysis, DATA analysis, HEALTH services administration -- Research, STATISTICAL models, and DESCRIPTIVE statistics. Geographic terms include CALIFORNIA. The abstract is also visible.

**Callout boxes:**

- Left side:** "Click here to see the whole article. - HTML Full Text will show text (images not always included). - PDF Full Text (518KB) will reproduce the layout of the original article (images included)." (Arrows point to the HTML and PDF links in the sidebar).
- Top right:** "Print or Email the article to yourself." (Arrows point to the Print and E-mail icons in the Tools sidebar).
- Middle right:** "Cite the article in APA, MLA, or Chicago/Turabian style." (Arrow points to the Cite icon in the Tools sidebar).
- Bottom right:** "Key subject terms. Click on any of these terms to find more articles about these subjects." (Arrow points to the Subject Terms list).
- Bottom center:** "Short summary of the article." (Arrow points to the Abstract text).

## General Tips for Searching SocINDEX

- Search for exact phrases with quotation marks ("").
- Use just one or two-word phrases as your keywords. The database will not look for common 'stop words' like: been, however, so, or, in, the, and, etc.
- Check the "Subject Terms" at the top of the search screen to find the preferred search terms used in this database.
- Truncate your terms with an asterisk (\*) to find more results. For example, type **comput\*** to find the words **computer** or **computing**.
- When a *singular* word is searched, the plural and possessive forms of that word will also be searched as long as you do not put your search term in quotation marks ("").

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