Searching for Articles in PsycARTICLES

**SEARCHING**

Type your keywords here. Try to include only one word or two word phrases on each line.

Click "Full Text" to find only articles that appear in their entirety in this database.

You can narrow your search by choosing to search by author, subject terms, or other options.

If you do not pick an option, you are performing a general keyword search (looking for the terms in any part of the article record).

**RESULTS LIST**

Results appear in Date Newest order (most recent article first).

Choose to exclude book reviews, limit by date, or pick additional relevant subject headings.

If headings aren’t visible, click the arrow left of "Subject: Major Heading".

Click on the title to get to the article.

Click "Scholarly (Peer Reviewed) Journals" to find only articles written by qualified people in that field of study.

You can narrow your search by choosing to search by author, subject terms, or other options.

If you do not pick an option, you are performing a general keyword search (looking for the terms in any part of the article record).
General Tips for Searching PsycARTICLES

- Search for exact phrases with quotation marks (""").
- Use just one or two-word phrases as your keywords. The database will not look for common ‘stop words’ like: been, however, so, or, in, the, and, etc.
- Check the “Thesaurus” at the top of the search screen to find the preferred search terms used in this database.
- Scroll down on the first search screen to limit by: age groups, location, methodology, population group, and more.
- Truncate your terms with an asterisk (*) to find more results. For example, type comput* to find the words computer or computing.
- When a singular word is searched, the plural and possessive forms of that word will also be searched as long as you do not put your search term in quotation marks ("").